

N 88 - 15943⁸⁻³⁴

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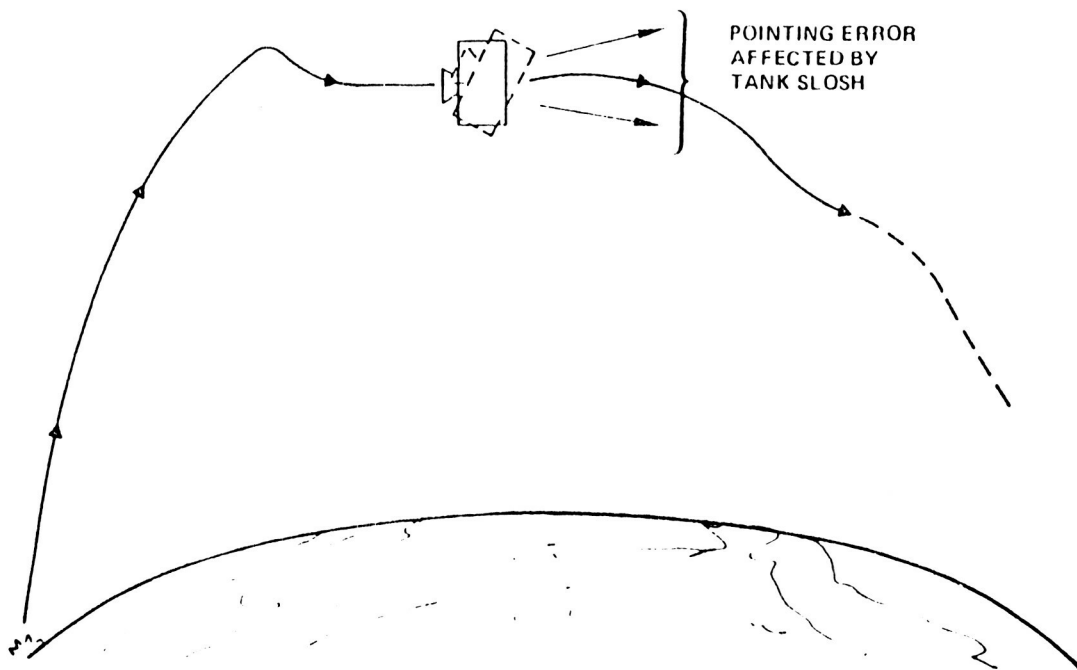
Peacekeeper Tank Slash Model

Material Presented by

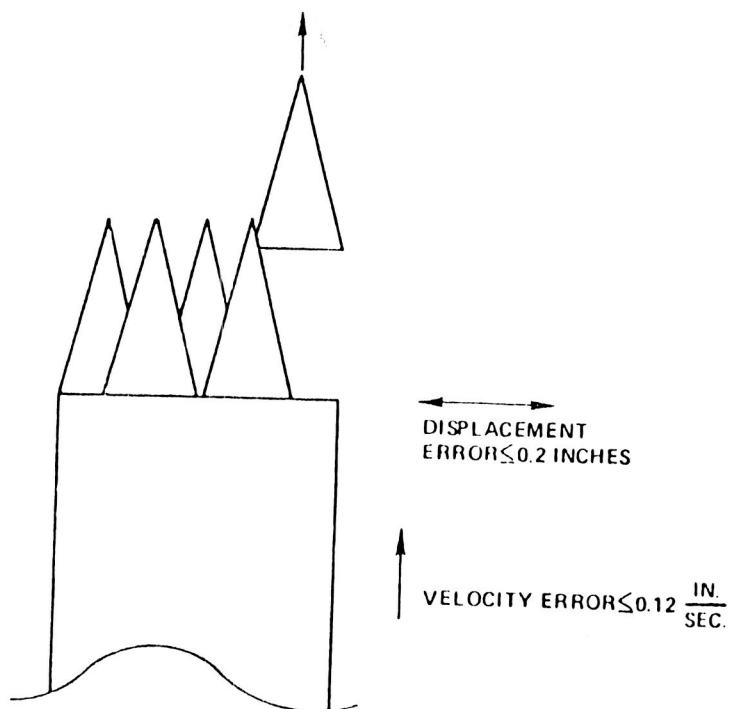
Sidney H. Schwartz

Rockwell International,
Rocketdyne Division

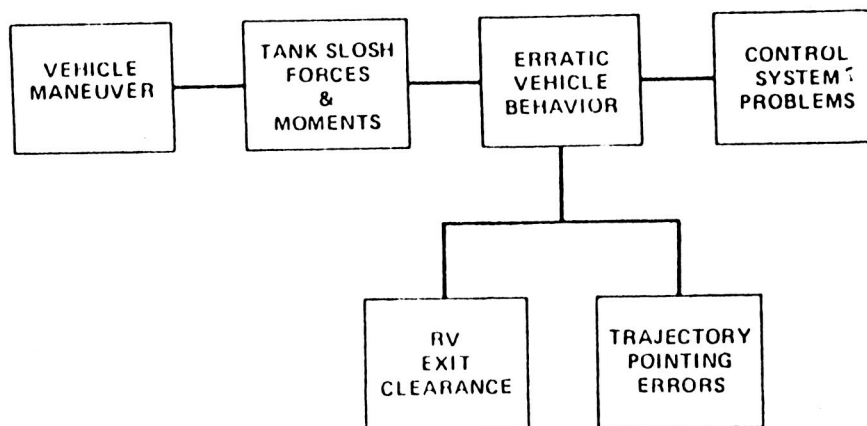
MOTIVATION FOR ANALYZING SLOSH IN PEACEKEEPER



ALLOWABLE VEHICLE ERRORS FOR NOSE CONE EJECTION CLEARANCE



VEHICLE MANEUVER - SLOSH PROBLEM



CURRENT MODELS UNSUITABLE

- PENDULUM MODEL (MMA) NOT APPLICABLE IN
 - ZERO G
 - BAFFLED TANKS
- SOLA-VOF MODEL (MDAC) INSUFFICIENT
 - 2-D (3-D NECESSARY)
 - STAIR STEP TANK WALLS
 - NO BAFFLE/SCREEN RESISTANCE

SOLA SLOSH MODEL

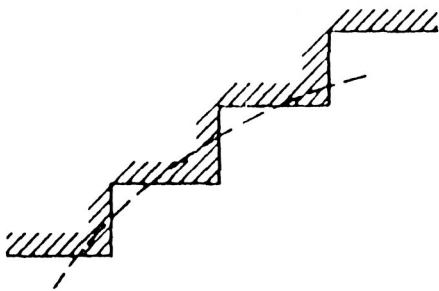
- **DEVELOPED BY FLOW SCIENCES INC. FOR ROCKETDYNE TO HANDLE:**
 - 3-D NAVIER STOKES EQUATIONS IN FINITE DIFFERENCE FORM
 - MULTIPLE FREE SURFACES
 - VISCOUS FLUID
 - LIMITED COMPRESSIBILITY
- **MODEL ACCOMMODATES:**
 - GENERALIZED OBSTACLES
 - POROUS BAFFLES
 - CURVED WALL SIMULATION
 - GENERALIZED ROUTINE FOR INPUT OF MOTION FORCING FUNCTIONS
- **MODEL CALCULATES TANK FORCES AND MOMENTS CAUSED BY LARGE AMPLITUDE SLOSH**

SLOSH FORCE/MOMENT PREDICTION DEPENDS ON

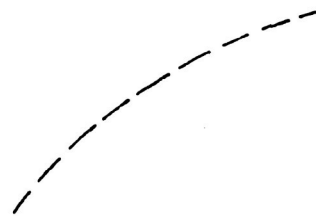
- **INITIAL FREE SURFACE CONFIGURATION**
- **AMOUNT OF LIQUID IN TANK (PERCENT FILL)**
 - INTERNAL TANK GEOMETRY (INCLUDING BAFFLES)
 - LIQUID PROPERTIES
 - PAST HISTORY OF MANEUVER (INSTANTANEOUS VELOCITY AND DISPLACEMENT FIELDS OF LIQUID)

SOLA SLOSH SURFACE SPECIFICATION

- GENERATORS PERMIT USER TO SPECIFY GEOMETRY OF TANK WALLS AND BAFFLE LOCATIONS
- WALL SURFACES ARE SMOOTH RATHER THAN STEPPED (REPRESENTED BY VOF ALGORITHM)– MUCH BETTER WALL FORCE PREDICTIONS



EARLIER MODELS

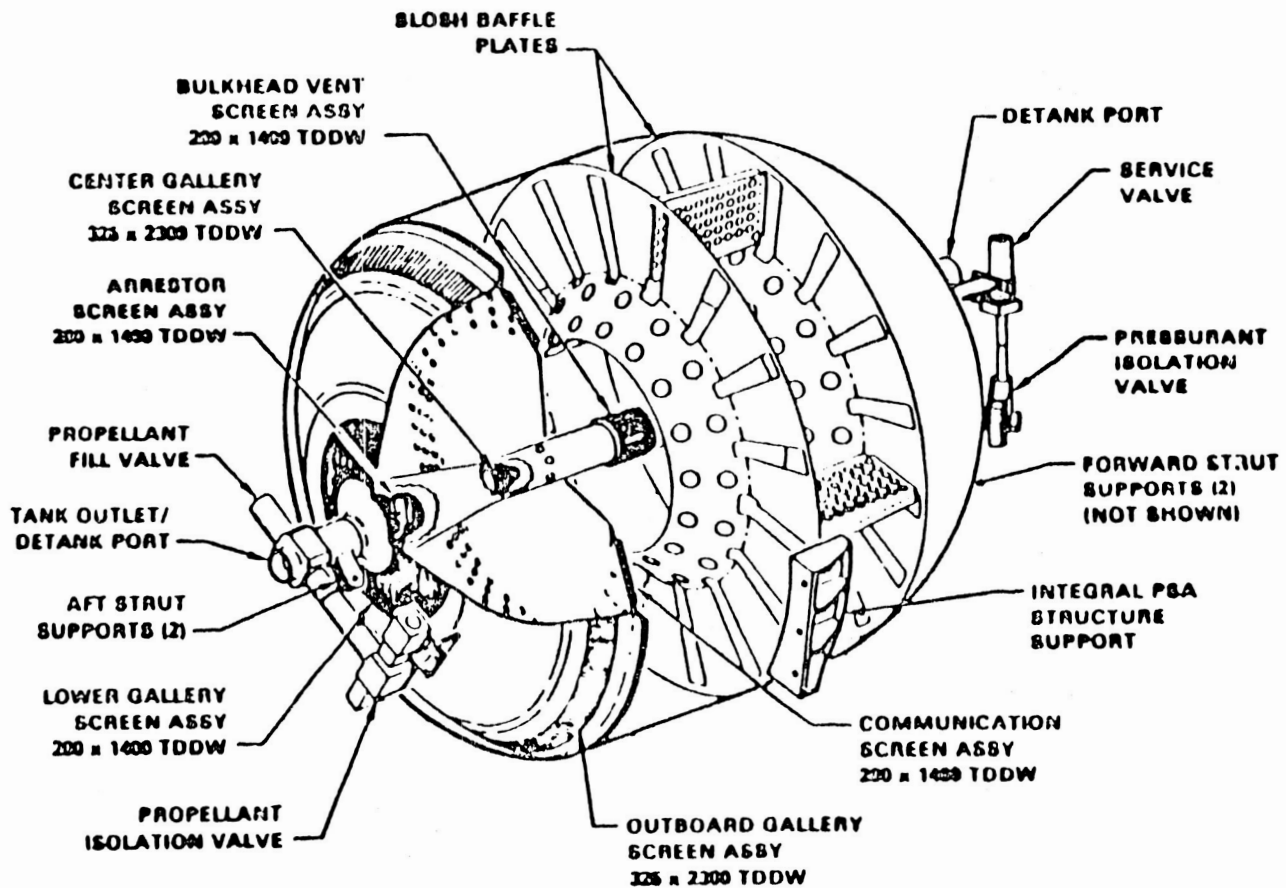


SOLA SLOSH

CODE VALIDATION

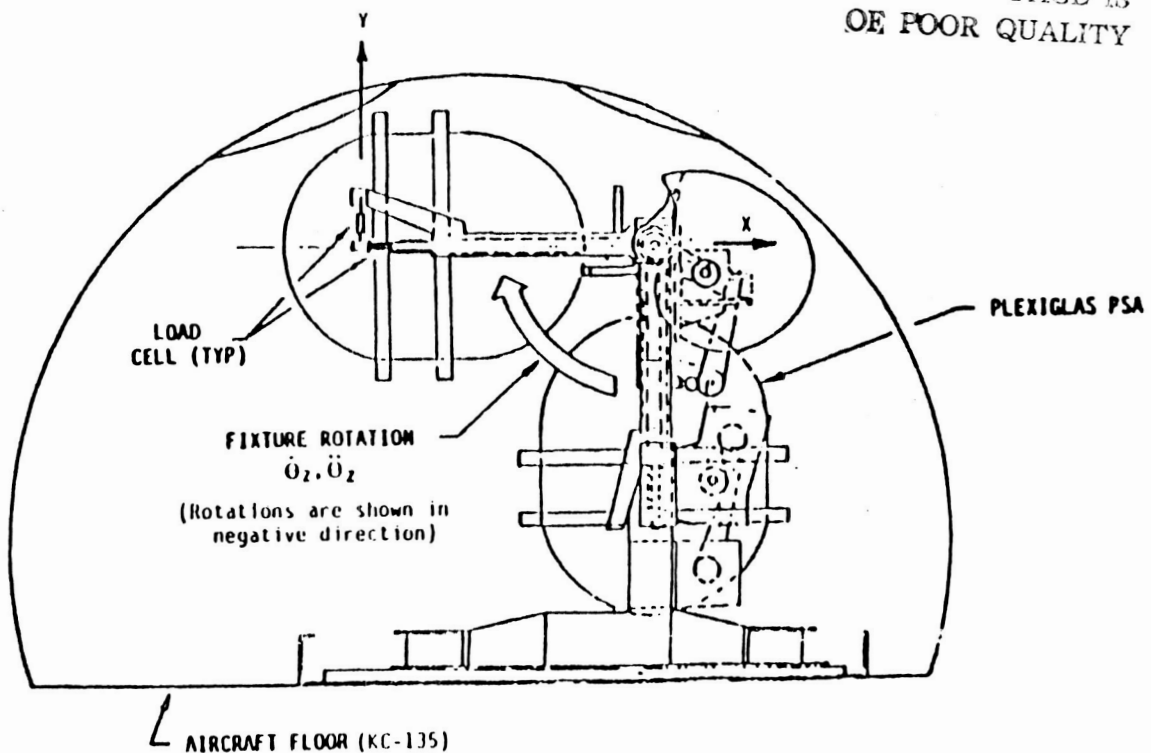
- COMPARE EXPERIMENTAL MODEL WITH COMPUTER GENERATED MODEL
- EXPERIMENTAL MODEL
 - BUILD MODEL TANK WITH BAFFLES
 - TEST APPARATUS WITH SINGLE AXIS OF ROTATION FOR SIMPLICITY
 - TEST APPARATUS IN LOW GRAVITY ENVIRONMENT USING KC-135
 - MEASURE FORCES AND MOMENTS
- COMPUTER MODEL
 - USE KC-135 TANK VELOCITY AND ACCELERATION DATA AS INPUT TO MODEL
 - MODEL OUTPUT (PREDICTED FORCES AND MOMENTS) COMPARED WITH EXPERIMENTAL DATA

PROPELLANT STORAGE ASSEMBLY

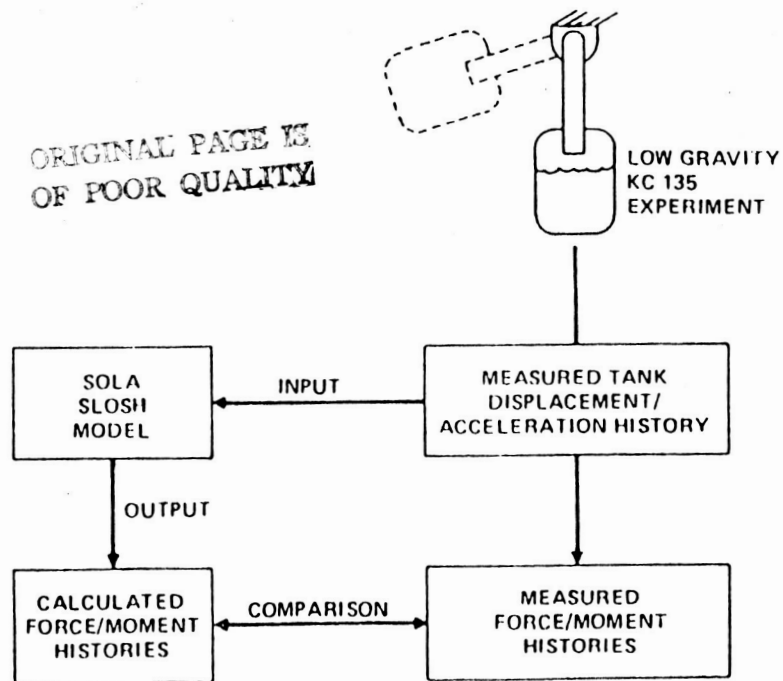


LOW-G ROTATIONAL TESTING
(VIEW LOOKING AFT IN AIRCRAFT)

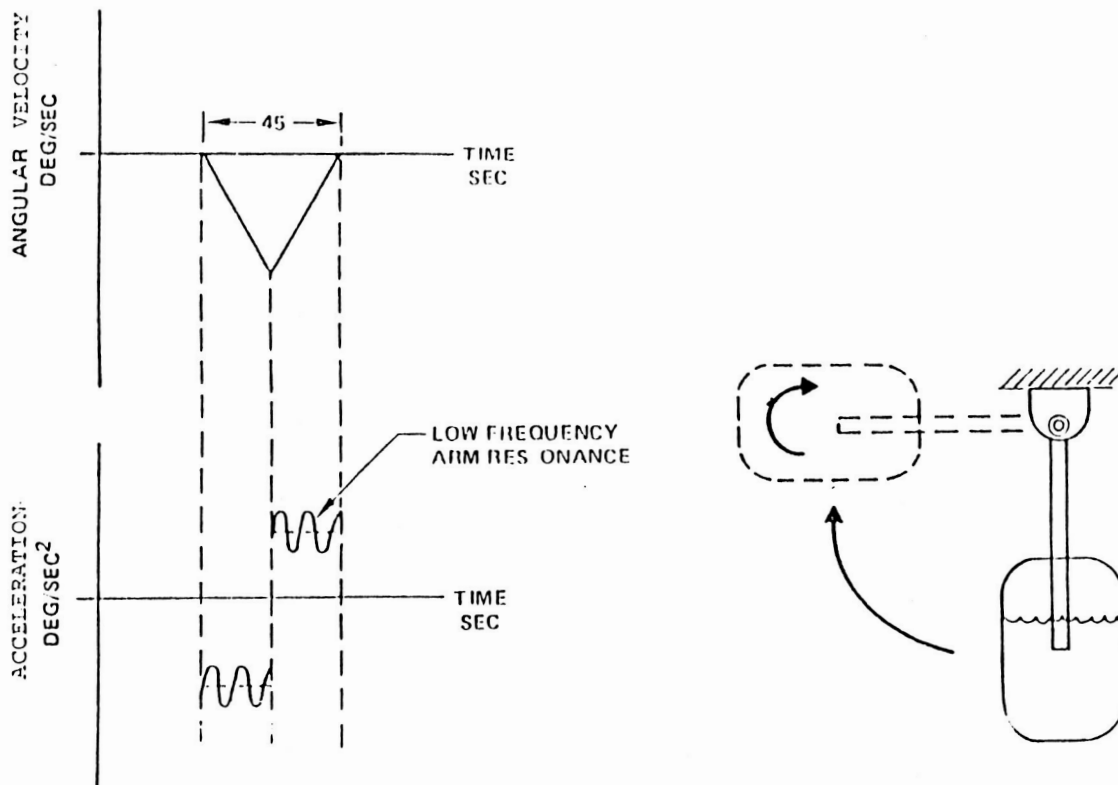
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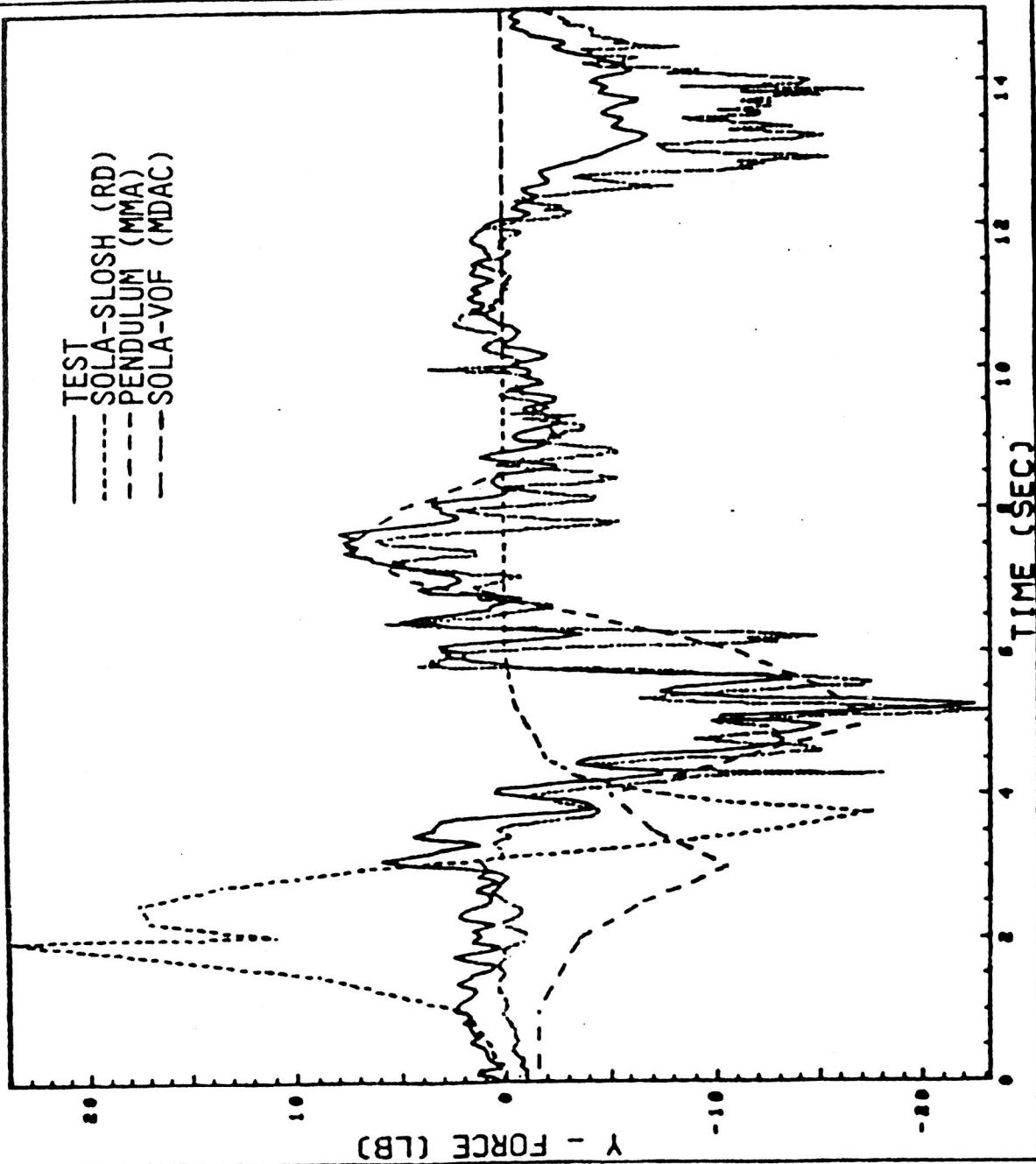
KC 135 EXPERIMENTAL MODEL COMPUTATIONAL MODEL COMPARISON



ROTATIONAL MOTION IN EXPERIMENT



3-D PK TANK MODEL(P1A3R2 DATA)



MODEL COMPUTATION OBSERVATIONS

- COARSE GRID CASE RESULTS AGREED WELL WITH SAME CASE USING A FINE GRID
- COARSE GRID CASE COST LESS THAN ONE PERCENT OF COST TO RUN FINE GRID
- PRIMARY MOTION OF LIQUID DUE TO FLUCTUATING INERTIAL AND BODY FORCES
- VISCOUS DRAG UNIMPORTANT IN THIS ANALYSIS
- MODEL RESULTS ACCURATE ENOUGH TO PINPOINT FAULTY TRANSDUCERS - SUBSEQUENTLY CONFIRMED BY EXAMINING TRANSDUCERS

SLOSH-3D RUN SPECIFICS OF KC-135

SERIES A4 RUN 3 TEST SIMULATION

- COARSE MESH (3 x 6 x 8)
- LATERAL SYMMETRY
- COSTS \$75 AT PRIORITY 3
- FINER MESH (5 x 10 x 20) BY FSI YIELDS SIMILAR RESULTS

MODEL COMPUTATION RESULTS

- SOME DISCREPANCY BETWEEN MODEL RESULTS AND DATA
 - BELIEVED TO BE DUE TO INACCURATE DISPLACEMENT AND ACCELERATION INPUTS
 - THESE INPUTS MEASURED AT CENTER OF ROTATION RATHER THAN ON TANK ITSELF - "ARM FLEXIBLE"
 - AS FREE SURFACE MOVES THROUGH CELL GET COMPUTATIONAL SINGULARITY EXAGGERATED IN COARSE MESH - SORT OF A COMPUTATIONAL "WATER HAMMER"
 - MOMENT AND FORCE SPIKES (COMPRESSIBILITY IN SOLUTION HELPS TO DEPRESS MAGNITUDE)

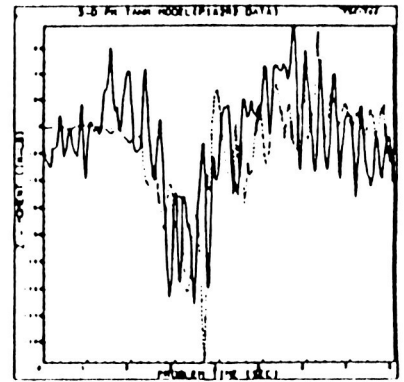
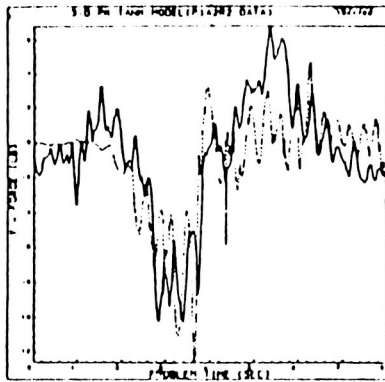
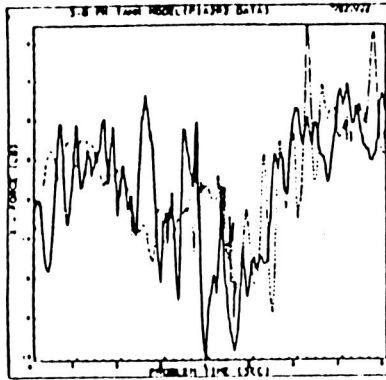
KC-135 PHASE I TEST

SERIES A4 RUN 3

ANALYSIS

- . EXCELLENT LOW FREQUENCY CORRELATION (≤ 0.5 Hz)
- . POOR CORRELATION NEAR TEST STRUCTURE RESONANCE (~ 3 Hz)
- . REASONABLE HIGHER FREQUENCY CORRELATION

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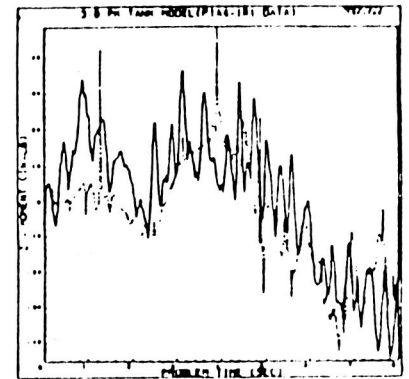
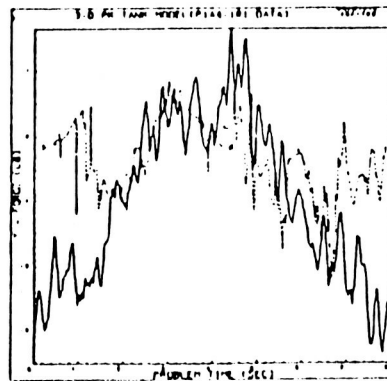
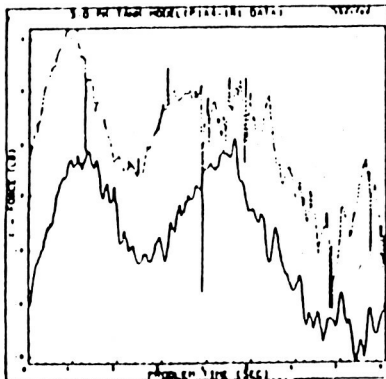


MODEL/EXPERIMENT COMPARISON

PHASE I. SERIES A2. RUN 2

30% FILL. NO BAFFLES

———— EXPERIMENT
----- MODEL

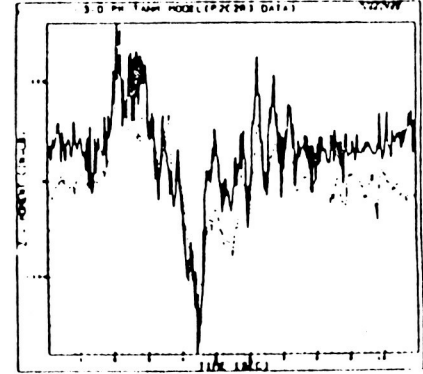
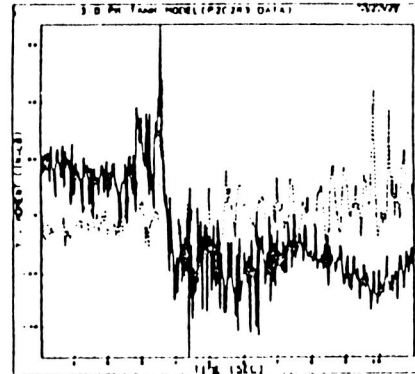
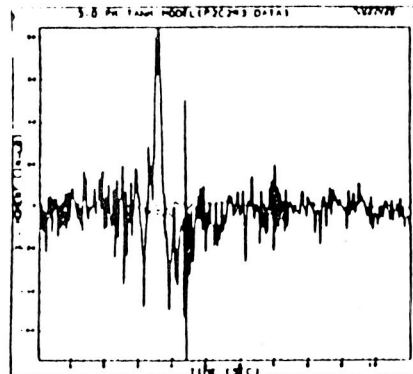
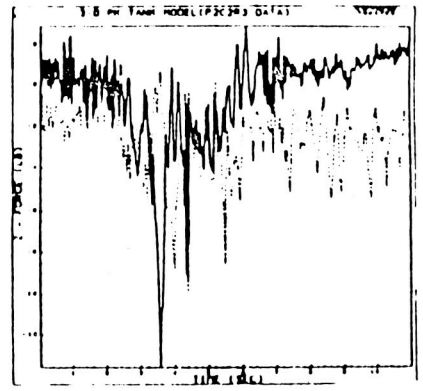
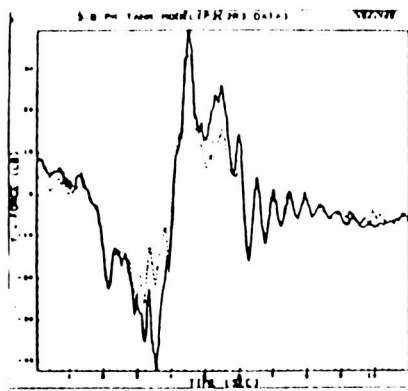
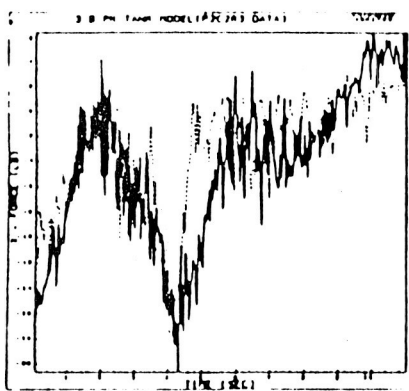


MODEL/EXPERIMENT COMPARISON

PHASE I. SERIES A4-1. RUN 1

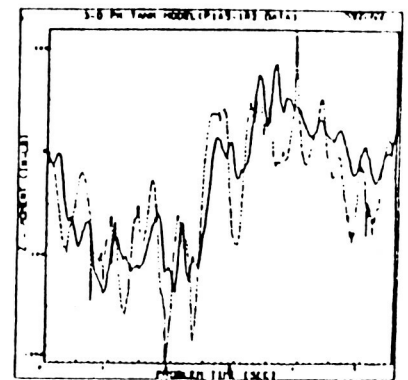
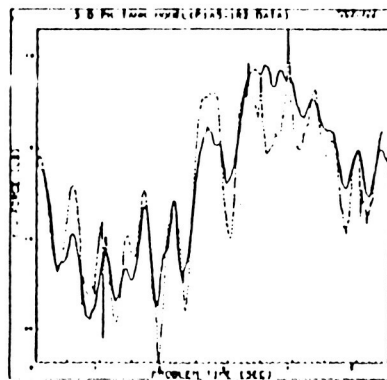
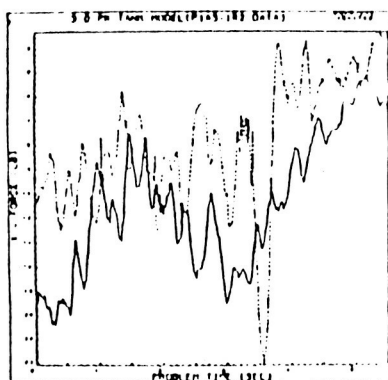
30% FILL. RING/CONE BAFFLES

———— EXPERIMENT
----- MODEL



MODEL/EXPERIMENT COMPARISON
PHASE II, SERIES C2, RUN 3
40% FILL, RING/CONE BAFFLES

———— EXPERIMENT
----- MODEL

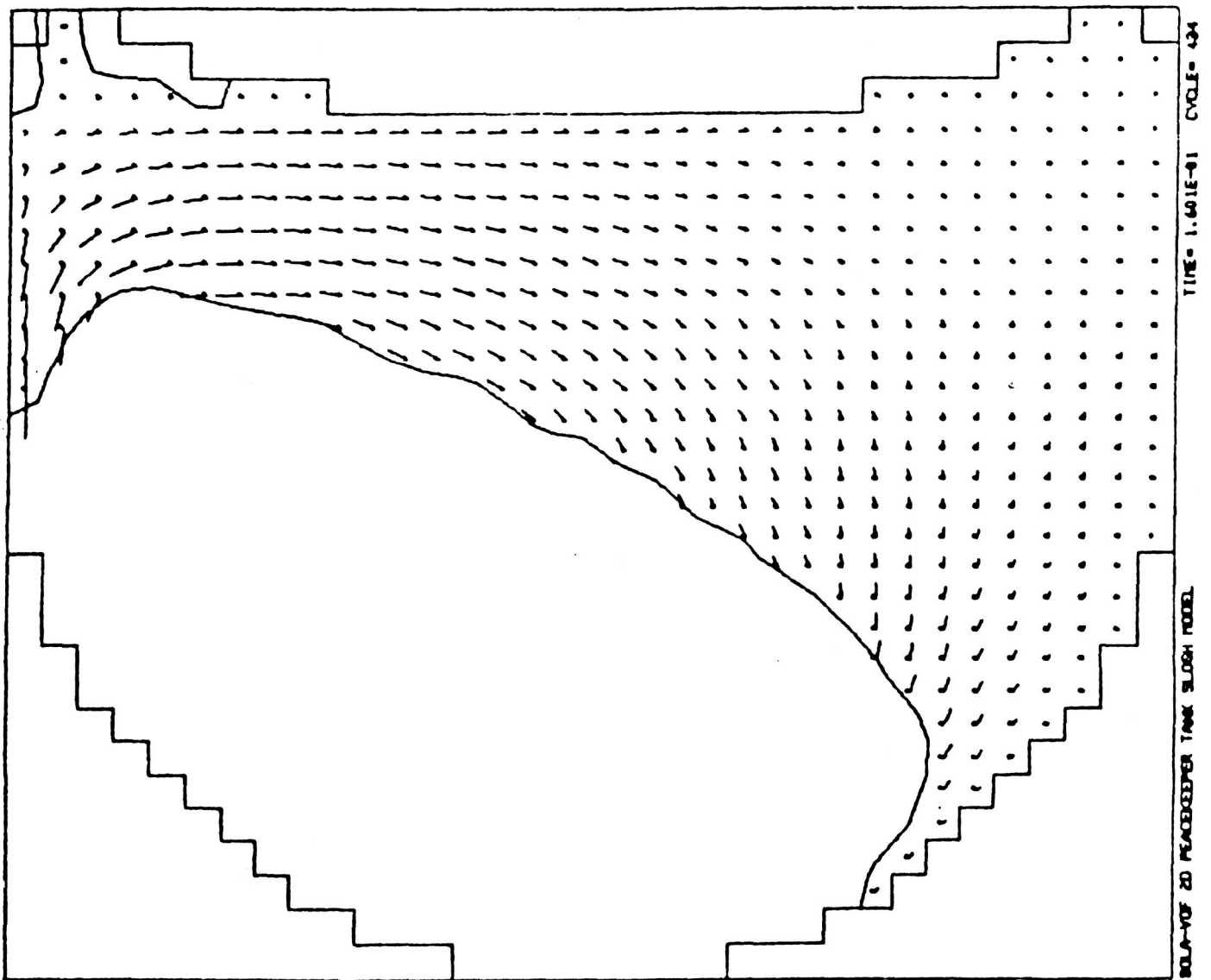


MODEL/EXPERIMENT COMPARISON
PHASE I, SERIES A5-1, RUN 2
60% FILL, RING/CONE BAFFLES

———— EXPERIMENT
----- MODEL

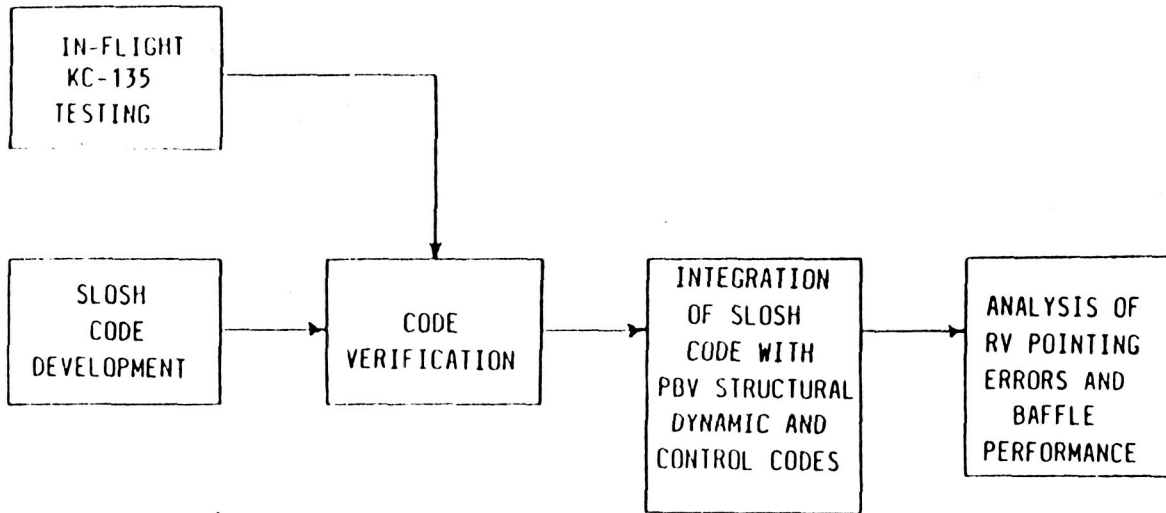
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SLOSH
SIMULATION
(SOLA-VOF)



PROPELLANT RESIDUAL MOTION ANALYSIS

FLOW CHART



- SLOSH MODEL INTEGRATED WITH AUTONETICS CONTROL MODEL TO EVALUATE BAFFLE PERFORMANCE IN A WORST CASE DUTY CYCLE
- AUTONETICS REPORT OF 15 JUNE 1984, CONCLUDED THAT BAFFLES WERE NOT NECESSARY